

Towards a Comprehensive Cancer Centre in Luxembourg: Integration of Care, Research, and Education

Dr Nikolai GONCHARENKO, Director, INC Luxembourg

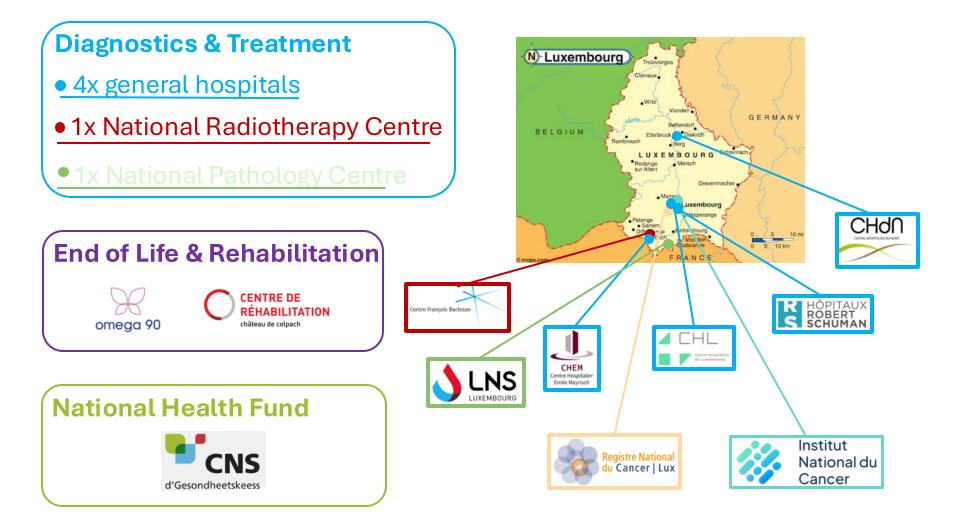


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Introduction

Luxembourg: Actors in the field of cancer





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About the INC and PNC2

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Founding of the INC

(2014-2018) of Luxembourg➢ Mandated and funded by the Ministry of

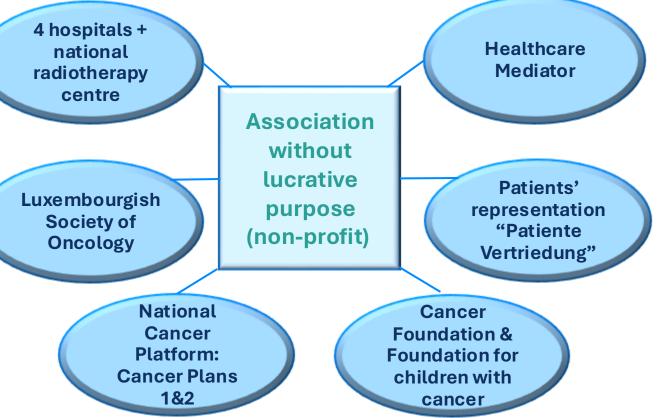
Plan

A national entity overseeing and coordinating public and private actors engaged in managing and providing healthcare services for cancer patients in Luxembourg (residents and crossborder workers)

Health and Social Security of Luxembourg

Founded in 2015, as a non-profit association

within the **1**st National Cancer





Key objectives and activities

- Addressing the key questions linked to the coordination of cancer care services
- Development of national guidelines and patient pathways
- Set-up and development of multidisciplinary tumour boards (TB) for rare and poorprognosis cancers
- Support the implementation of personalised medicine
- Advancing on the equality of access for all.



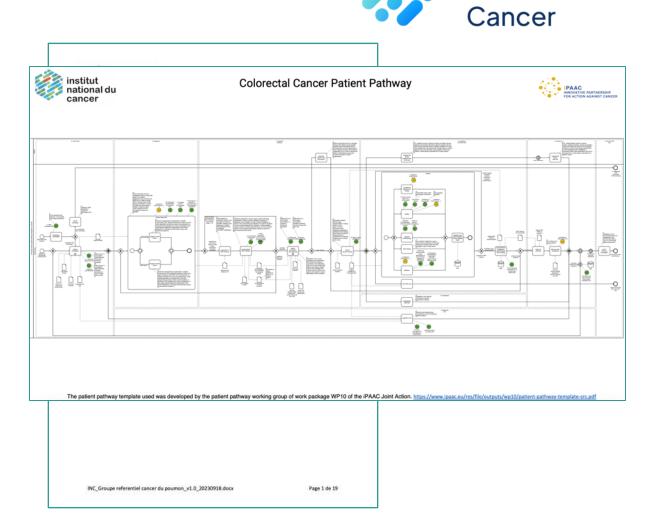


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 Available and being updated regularly (!) national guidelines and care pathways for main cancer types (colorectal, lung, breast, gynaecological, prostate, etc.)

| institut national du cancer | |
|---|---|
| Le référentiel national en oncologie p | <u>ulmonaire</u> |
| MEMBRES DU GROUPE DE TRAVAIL : Dr Flaviu CRISAN (Pathologiste, (Pneumologue, SLP), Dr René GERHARD (Pathologiste, LNS), Dr Catherin médicale, CHL), Dr Gilles KELN (Oncologue médical, CHEM), Mme Sandri de patients), Prof. Gilbert MASSARD (Chirurgien thoracique, SLP), Dr X asculaire, CHL), Dr Caroline MODUGNO (Médecin en Dr Nathalie MONHOVEN (Biologiste moléculaire, CNGH), Dr Alain NCH diagnostic et interventionnel, SLR), Dr Marina NGUENANG (Pneumolog (Radiothérapeute, CFB), Dr Stefan RAUH (Oncologue médical, SLO), Dr Jei Président, FC), Dr Thierry WAGNER (Pneumologue, HRS). | he HERREMANS (Oncologue ine LAVALLE (Représentante Lavier MATHIEU (Chirurgien hémato-oncologie, CHL), IIMI LONGANG (Radiologue gue, SLP), Dr Sven PHILIPPI |
| GESTION, COORDINATION ET METHODE : Dr Guy BERCHEM (INC), M Dr Nikolai GONCHARENKO (INC). | Ime Anne DROCHON (INC), |
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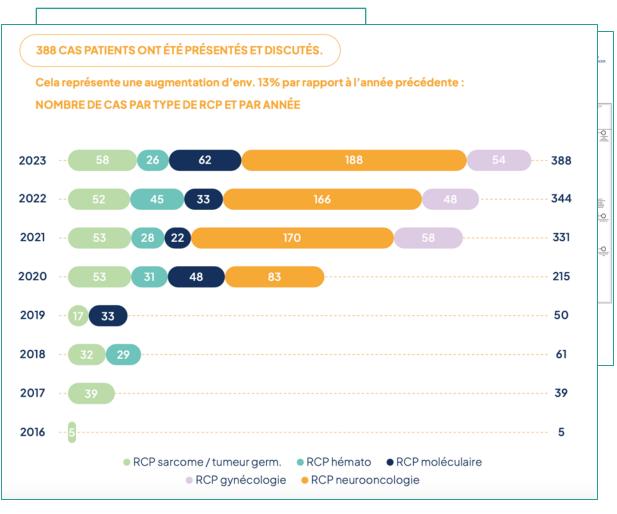


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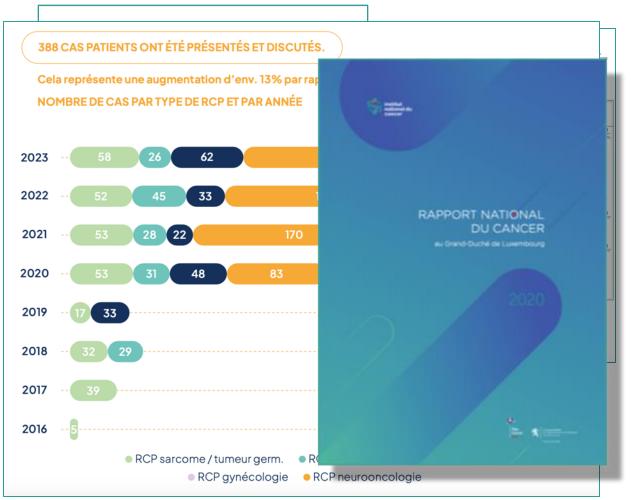


- Available and being updated regularly (!) national guidelines and care pathways for main cancer types (colorectal, lung, breast, gynaecological, prostate, etc.)
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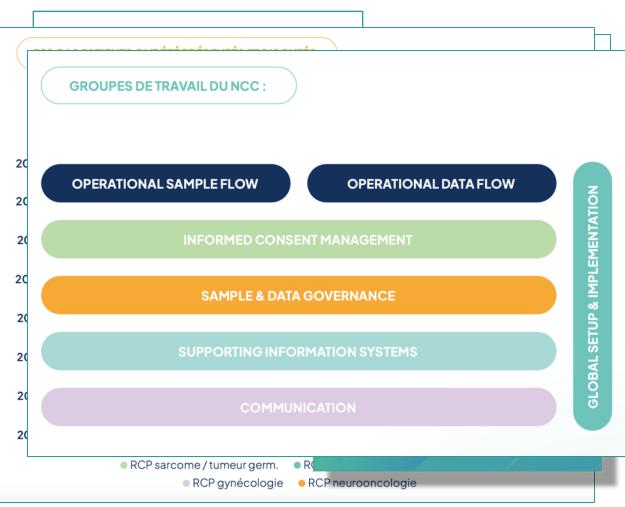


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Public utility status (as of 27th July 2024)





GERMAN CANCER SOCIETY

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CANCER CENTRES

CraNE

2nd National Cancer Plan 2020-2026 (PNC2)





LE GOUVERNEMENT DU GRAND-DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG Ministère de la Santé et de la Sécurité sociale



- Launched in 2020 by the Directorate of Health, the administrative arm of the Ministry of Health and Social Security of Luxembourg
- Paused in 2021/2 due to the covid-19 pandemic
- ➤ Extended: 2024 → 2026



Role of the INC in the 2nd National Cancer Plan (PNC2)



Axe 3

décisionnelles

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Recherche clinique et translationnelle, pour le développement de la recherche clinique et translationnelle dans le pays Gouvernance, Ressources, Monitoring et Reporting, pour une meilleure organisation des soins en cancérologie au Luxembourg

Axe 1

Central role in each one of the axes: mentioned 35 times



Diagnostic, pour l'optimisation du diagnostic, la personnalisation des traitements et le suivi des patients concernés Axe 4

Axe 2

eMédecine, pour une

des données co

et échangées

modernisation du pays dans

le cadre de l'informatisation

Prévention, Dépistage et Épidémiologie, pour le développement de mesures préventives au niveau du cancer, en synergie avec d'autres plans nationaux LE GOUVERNEMENT DU GRAND-DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG Ministère de la Santé et de la Sécurité sociale

Direction de la santé

Droits, Information et Formation

des patients grâce à l'engagement

actif de ceux-ci dans les instances

progression des droits actuels

des patients, pour une



Oncopédiatrie et Oncogériatrie, pour l'amélioration de la qualité et du suivi des patients aux âges extrêmes de la vie

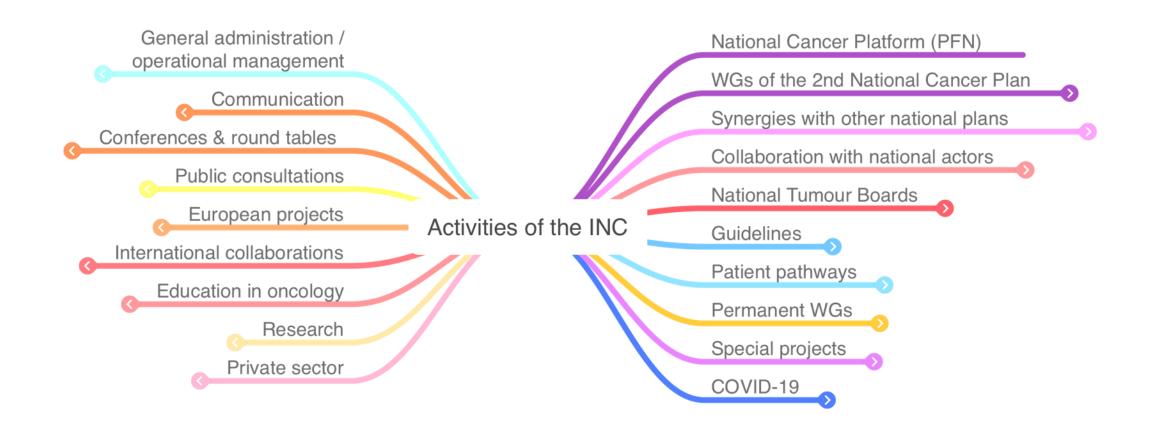
Axe 6

Traitement, Soins pluridisciplinaires, Soins de support et le Soutien aux patients, pour un accès aux soins et aux traitements de qualité

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Activities of the INC





2nd National Cancer Plan 2020-2026 (PNC2)





European projects : alignment with our National Cancer Plan

Obj 1.2 🗕

Soutien des établissements hospitaliers et des prestataires extra-hospitaliers dans la création de réseaux de compétence en oncologie et autres filières de collaboration.

Obj 1.3 ____ Amélioration de la coordination/collaboration entre les différents organismes et services d'abord, dans le pays, puis à l'étranger.

Obj 1.8 ____ Monitoring de la qualité de la prise en charge en cancérologie.





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Joint Action EUNetCCC (CraNE-2)

Establishing a European Network of Comprehensive Cancer Centers



What is EUnetCCC?

- A pan-European network of Comprehensive Cancer Centres (CCCs) aimed at harmonising cancer care
- Focus on collaboration, high-quality clinical care, research, and education across the EU
- Continuation of the JA CraNE ("Preparatory activities on the creation of national Comprehensive Cancer Centres and the EU Networking")

CraNE

Primary Objective

 Ensure access to high-quality cancer care, research, and innovative treatments for 90% of EU citizens.

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D7.2 Set of criteria and standards and their application in a certification process for EU Comprehensive Cancer Centres





CroNE Joint Action is funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the suthor(s) only and a not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or European Health and Digital Executive Agency (HaDEA). Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them. The authors are not responsible for any further and future use of the report by third parties and hird-party translations.



CraNE___European_Network_of_Comprehensive_Cancer_Centres

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| | 3.1.1 EUCCCs conduct bench-to-bedside research and opposite | | res |
|---|--|-----------|--|
| progress basic, tr findings question actively e | tion of the criterion: For a comprehensive understanding of cancer ion, and the creation of effective diagnostics and therapies, EUCCCs integrat anslational, and clinical research. This integration accelerates the impl- into clinical routine practice but also the opposite way by facilitating t is from the clinic to the agenda of translational research. To uphold their engage in all three research domains, with an emphasis on leading roles in tra- esearch projects. | | |
| Standard | ds: | Evidence: | |
| 3.1.1.1 | At least one organizational entity that makes up an EUCCC has in-house activity in translational research or is integrated in a network conducting translational research. (CORE) | | nal du Cancer), Pei ;al) |
| 3.1.1.2 | All units providing cancer care in the EUCCC is integrated in a network allowing clinical research activities. (CORE) | | |
| 3.1.1.3 | The centre is part of a network that processes facilitating mutual interactions between translational research and clinical practice (transforming findings from translational research to clinical practise and bringing questions raised in clinical practise to the table of translational research). | | |
| 3.1.1.4 | The EUCCC has either activity or have a formally organised collaboration with an institution conducting: | | |
| | Basic research Epidemiological research Health care research | | ose of the nd Digital esponsible Page 1 of arties and |

Key data, budget and resources

Involvement

- EU: 27 Members States + 4 Associated Countries
- Luxembourg: INC + all national actors (next slide)

Duration

• 4 years

Key roles

- EU: France (INCa) + Belgium, Slovenia and Norway
- Luxembourg:
 - Project management by the INC
 - Expertise of the participating institutions

Budget (total LU)

- EU: €112 mln; LU: 285 person-months / €3,9 mln
- Funding modalities: 80% EC: 20% national institutions → EU: €134 mln ; LU: €4,6 mln 23





Engagement of all national actors

✓ 4 hospitals – care (*affiliated entities*)

Rehabilitation Centre "Colpach" –

✓ LNS – diagnostics (*affiliated entity*)

✓ Uni.lu – education (*affiliated entity*)

✓ LIH – research (*affiliated entity*)

✓ CFB – care (*affiliated entity*)

care (affiliated entity)

✓ INC (beneficiary)

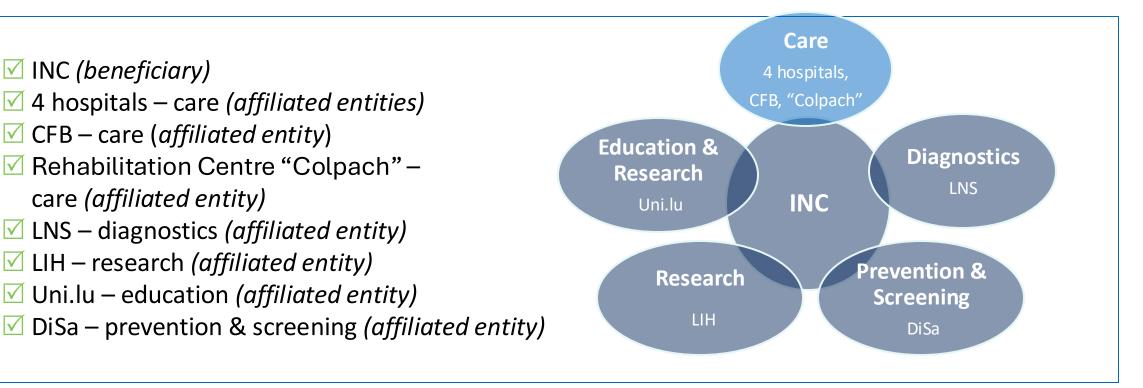






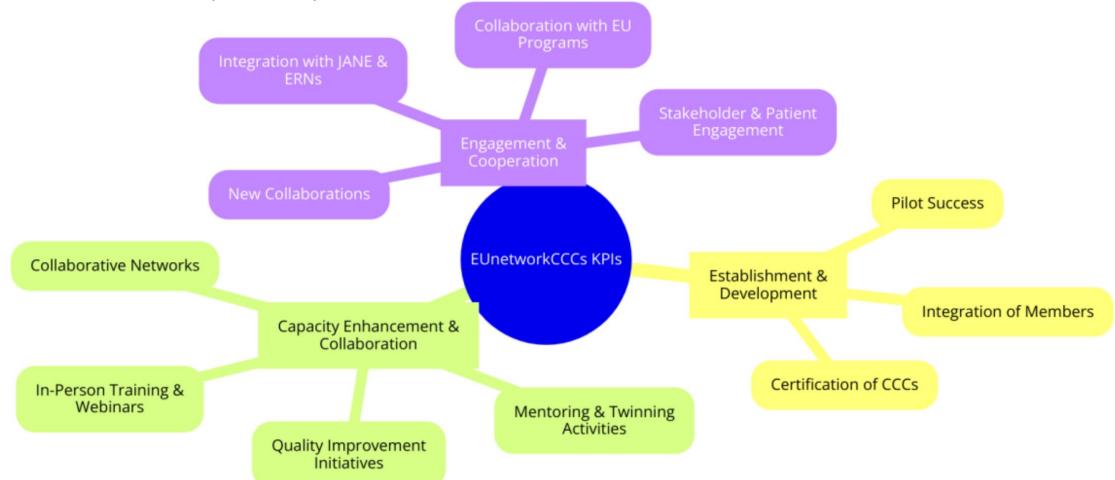
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Direction de la santé





What does this mean preactically?



EUNetCCC: project structure





| WP 5 Inclusion, Certification and Adherence to EUCCC Network | | | | |
|---|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| WP 6 Strengthening Capacities and Quality Improvement in EUCCC Network | WP 1 C | WP 2 D | WP 3 | WP 4 SI |
| WP 7 Governance, Membership and Engagement of EUCCC Network | OORDI | ISSEMII | EVALU/ | USTAIN |
| WP 8 Development of Network Activities | NATION | NATION | ATION | ABILITY |
| WP 9 Support the implementation of CCCNs to ensure comprehensive, high-quality cancer care | | | | |

Phased approach to Luxembourg pilot



Phase I: Preparatory

- Evaluating Luxembourg's current cancer framework (PNC2)
- Gap analysis using the CCC Maturity Model
- Aligning national resources with the CCC model

Phase II: Set-Up

- Setting up a CCC and forming comprehensive cancer care networks
- Creating national and cross-border collaborations

Phase III: EU Networking Phase

- Luxembourg's integration into the European CCC network
- Formalising connections with neighbouring countries (BE, DE, FR).

Phased approach to Luxembourg pilot



Phase I: Preparatory

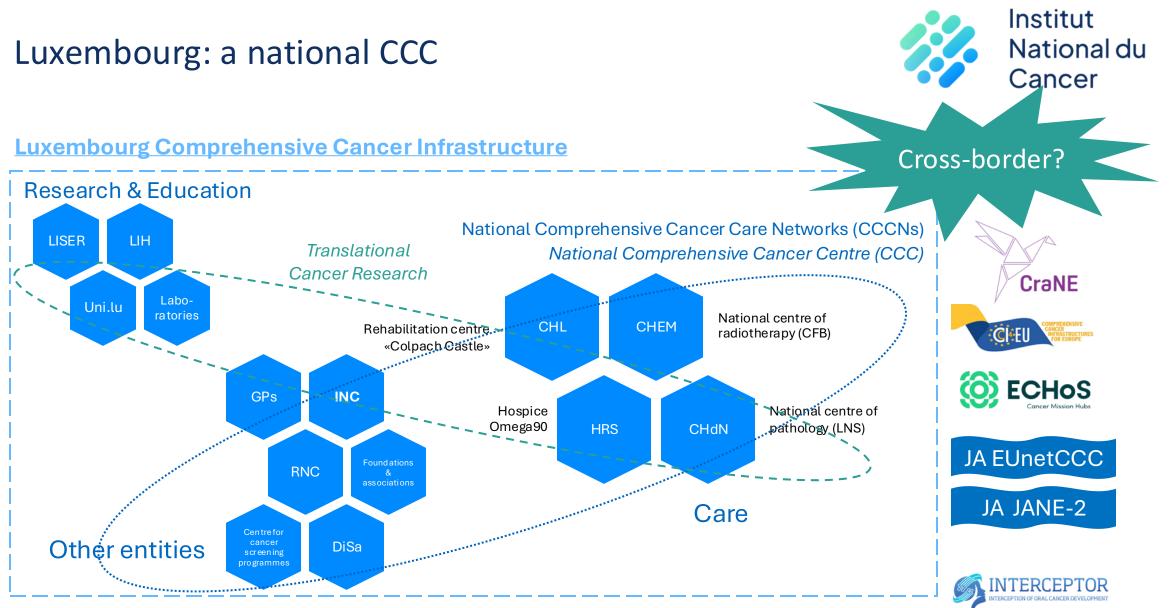
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LIH: Luxembourg Institute of Health LISER: Luxembourg Institute of Socio-Economic Research RNC: National Cancer Registry DiSa: Directorate of Health CHL: Centre Hospitalier de Luxembourg HRS: Hôpitaux Robert Schuman CHEM: Centre Hospitalier Emile Mayrisch CHdN: Centre Hospitalier du Nord



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Added value for Luxembourg

Key benefits



Enhanced cancer care

- Access to the latest diagnostics and treatments
- Standardised quality of care
- Access to innovative clinical trials.

Integration into EU cancer networks

- Luxembourg's healthcare system will interconnect with the broader EU CCC network
- Improved cross-border collaboration, particularly with neighbouring countries (France, Germany, Belgium).

Advancing research



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Research collaboration

- Collaboration on cutting-edge cancer research with top institutions in the EU
- Facilitated knowledge exchange and shared access to research findings.

Focus on translational research

- Strengthening links between national research institutions (LIH, Uni.lu) and clinical care
- Development of personalised therapies and precision oncology.

Strengthening cancer education and training



Expertise to support education activities

- Further development of academic programmes (oncology, nursing...)
- Participation in the EU-wide educational forums and workshops.

Cross-border educational initiatives

- Access to training programs for healthcare professionals
- Highly specialised training available cross-border, e.g. multidisciplinary tumour boards.

Cross-border collaborations



Key focus areas

• Multidisciplinary Tumour Boards (MTB) formalising and extending existing collaborations



• Formalising pathways

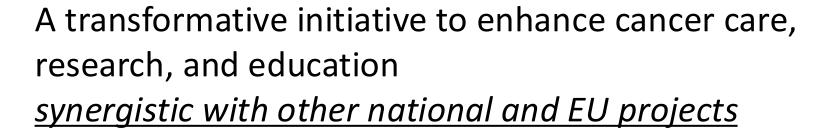
for rare and poor-prognosis cancers, and complex situations inc. clinical trials

• **Cross-border links ("partnerships")** via CCCNs networks with CCC in the neighbouring countries



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Conclusions



- Improved patient outcomes through shared knowledge, resources, and expertise
- Luxembourg becoming an active member of Europe's Comprehensive Cancer Care network.







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Thank you for your attention!



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